

# ABoVE Modeling Working Group

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# Background



- The Arctic-Boreal Region (ABR) is warming and experiencing associated disturbances at a **much greater rate and magnitude** than is the rest of the planet;

AND...

- Because of the **sensitivity** of the cryosphere to warming, ABR ecosystem processes are highly **vulnerable** to change;

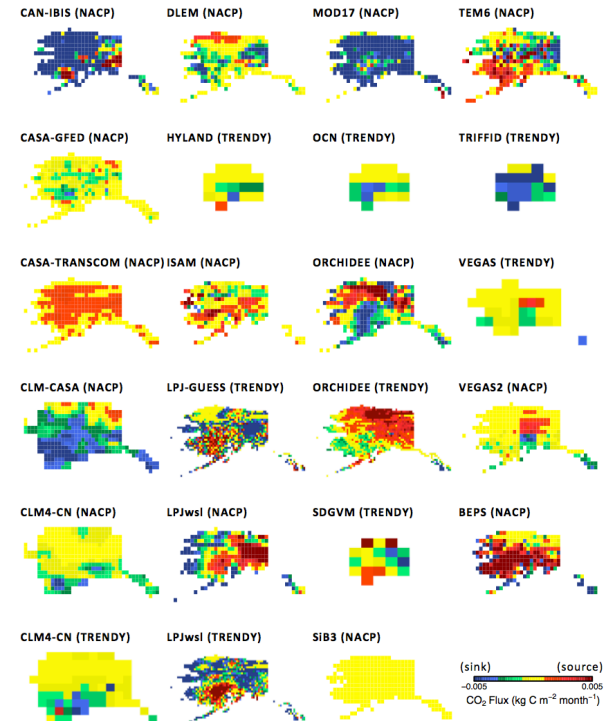
BUT...

- Current Earth System Models are **highly uncertain** in representing and predicting ABR ecosystem-climate feedbacks.

THEREFORE...

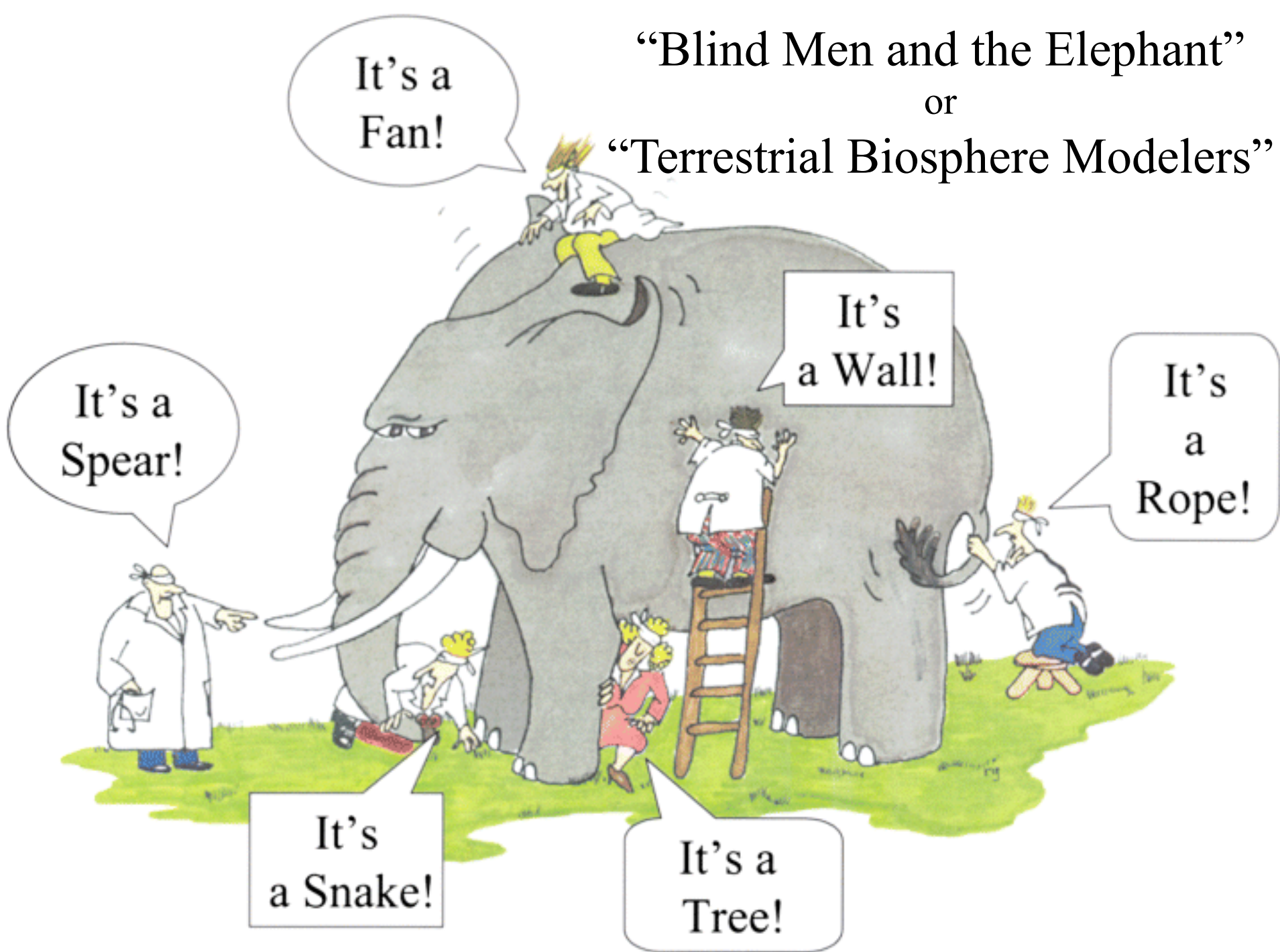
- We propose to **improve ABR model representation and confidence** by providing a framework for driving and evaluating biosphere models with ABoVE data.

experiencing associated



Fisher et al., 2014. Carbon cycle uncertainty in the Alaskan Arctic. *Biogeosciences* 11(15): 4271-4288.

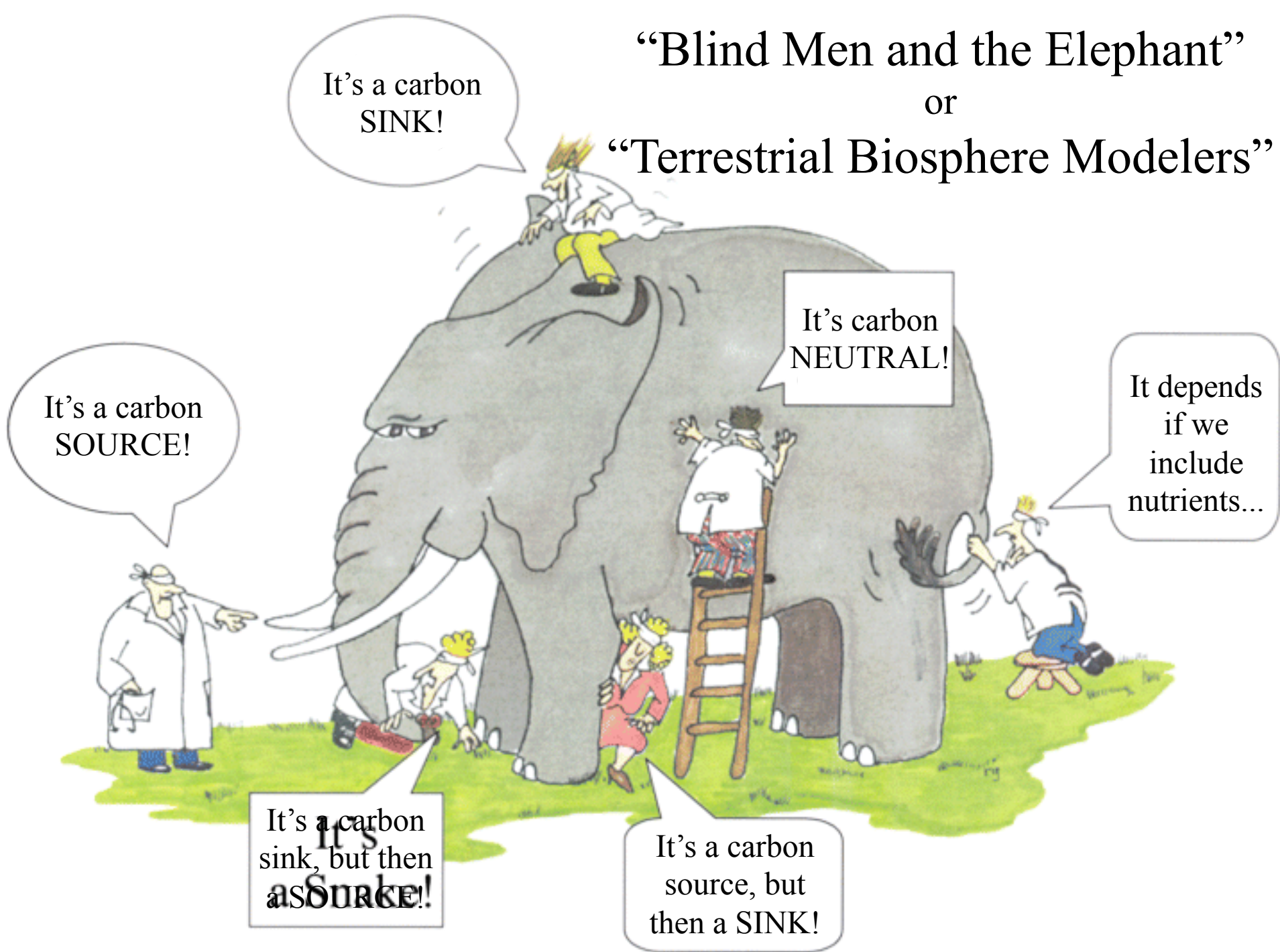
“Blind Men and the Elephant”  
or  
“Terrestrial Biosphere Modelers”



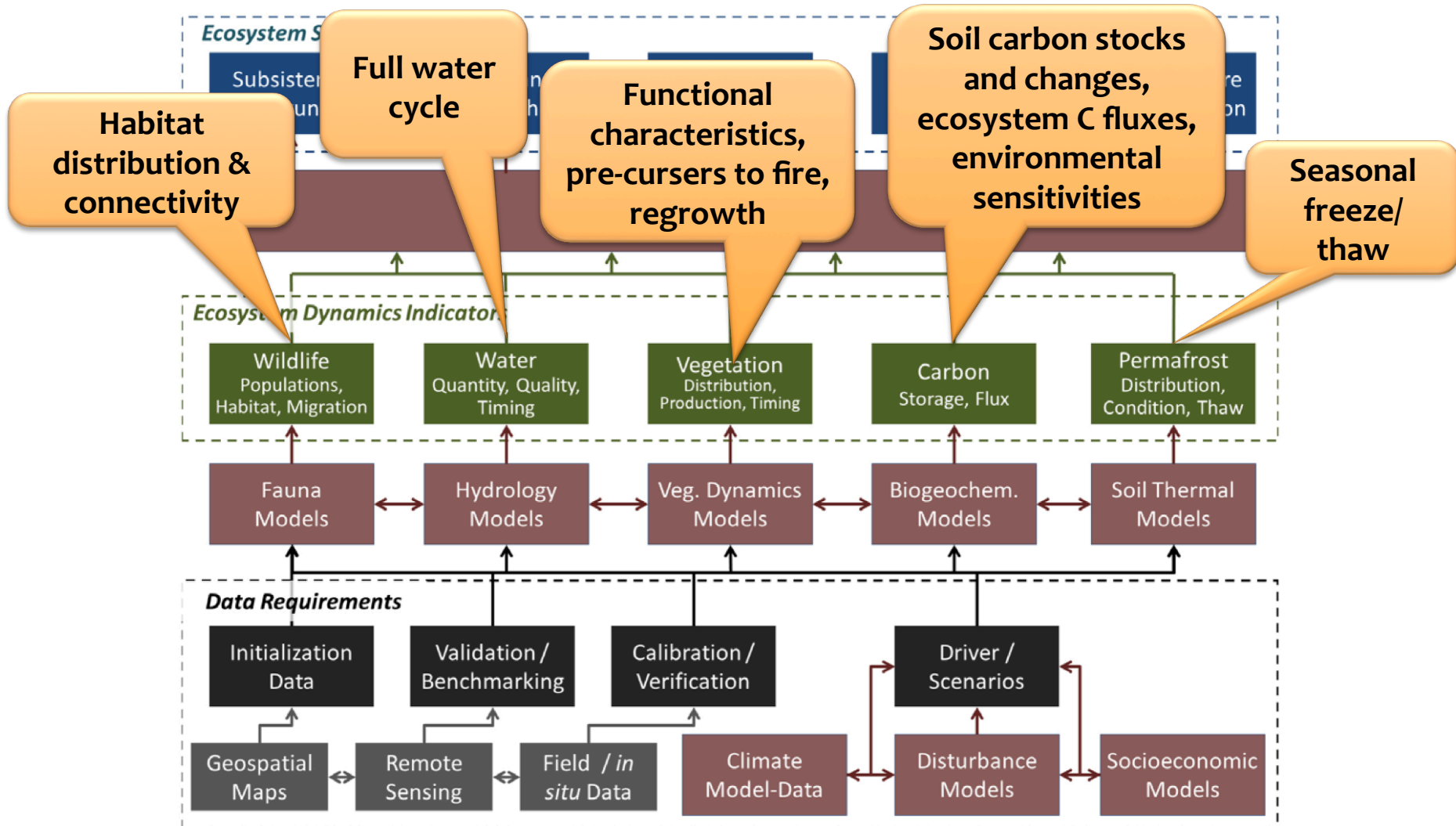
# “Blind Men and the Elephant”

or

## “Terrestrial Biosphere Modelers”



# Science Questions



# Science Questions

## ***How is flora responding to changes in biotic and abiotic conditions, and what are the impacts on ecosystem structure and function?***

TBMs are mature in representing floral changes to environmental conditions through structure and function, yet uncertainties remain large in the ABR. Models will be evaluated against remotely sensed structural and functional observations. A critical evaluation will assess decadal greening/browning and biome expansion/contraction. Individual-scale tree models target this question directly.

## ***How is fauna responding to changes in biotic and abiotic conditions, and what are the impacts on ecosystem structure and function?***

TBMs do not typically explicitly represent faunal characteristics; however, habitat distribution and connectivity are represented in TBMs, and the models will be evaluated for these characteristics.

## ***What processes are contributing to changes in disturbance regimes and what are the impacts of these changes?***

Fire (and, to a lesser extent, insects and pathogens) is included in many TBMs. While fire sparks are difficult to model in an exact sense (they are typically represented as probabilistic in prognostic models), the *pre-cursors* to fire and extent (fuel load, quality, distribution, moisture) and *regrowth dynamics* should be captured in models. TBMs will be evaluated in their representation of fire pre-cursors prior to remotely sensed fire observations and regrowth dynamics relative to vegetation remote sensing observations. Moreover, models will be evaluated for burned area/frequency over decadal temporal integration periods. Finally, burn severity, as linked to the pre-cursors, will be evaluated as a high quality burn severity dataset will be produced in ABoVE. While spatial data on wildfire occurrence, extent, and severity are readily available across Alaska and Canada, information on other important disturbances such as insects, pathogens, rapid thaw events (thermokarst) and land use change are not. As modeling representatives, we will engage with the ABoVE Science Team early in the campaign planning process to solicit existing and new data and research activities related to the more comprehensive suite of disturbance types from investigators working across the various Research Areas of the Domain.

## ***How are the magnitudes, fates, and land-atmosphere exchanges of carbon pools responding to environmental change, and what are the biogeochemical mechanisms driving these changes?***

TBMs suffer in representing soil carbon pools well. We will evaluate with critical priority TBM ability to capture soil carbon stocks and changes, and environmental sensitivities leading to changes.

## ***What processes are controlling changes in the distribution and properties of permafrost and what are the impacts of these changes?***

Modeled soil thermal and hydraulic properties will be evaluated against the NASA MEaSURES 25 km historical freeze/thaw product. Some of the uncertainty with respect to modeled permafrost is outside the control of model parameterization, instead lying in the uncertainty inherent in the forcing data (e.g., temperature, radiation). Nonetheless, models will be evaluated in their qualitative ability to represent seasonal dynamics of freeze/thaw.

## ***What are the causes and consequences of changes in the hydrologic system, specifically the amount, temporal distribution, and discharge of surface and subsurface water?***

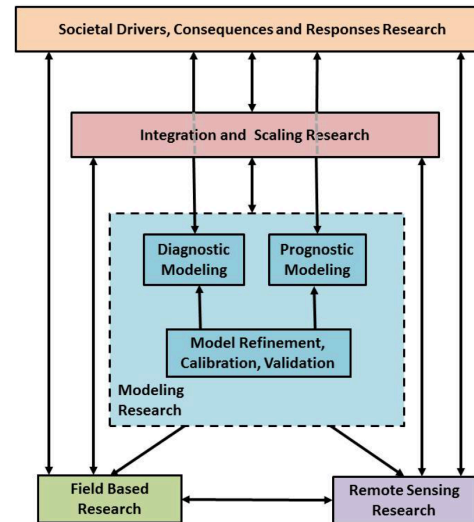
TBMs have fully coupled hydrological cycles, and can thus be evaluated directly against remotely sensed hydrological observations.

## ***How are environmental changes affecting critical ecosystem services – natural and cultural resources, human health, infrastructure, and climate regulation – and how are human societies responding?***

This question will not be directly addressed in the scope of this Working Group. In the final year, we will provide direction on how to address this goal from a modeling perspective in ABoVE Phase II.

# Science Objectives

The overarching objective is to **evaluate and improve model performance of ABR ecosystem dynamics focusing on critical data gaps** in initializing, driving, and validating process-based simulations for the ABoVE domain.



Our Modeling Working Group coalesces a suite of modeling teams and model elements within field- and/or remote sensing-based teams within the ABoVE Science Team to provide a **meta-synthesis of TBM requirements for the ABoVE campaign data collection.**

# Modeling Approaches: Models

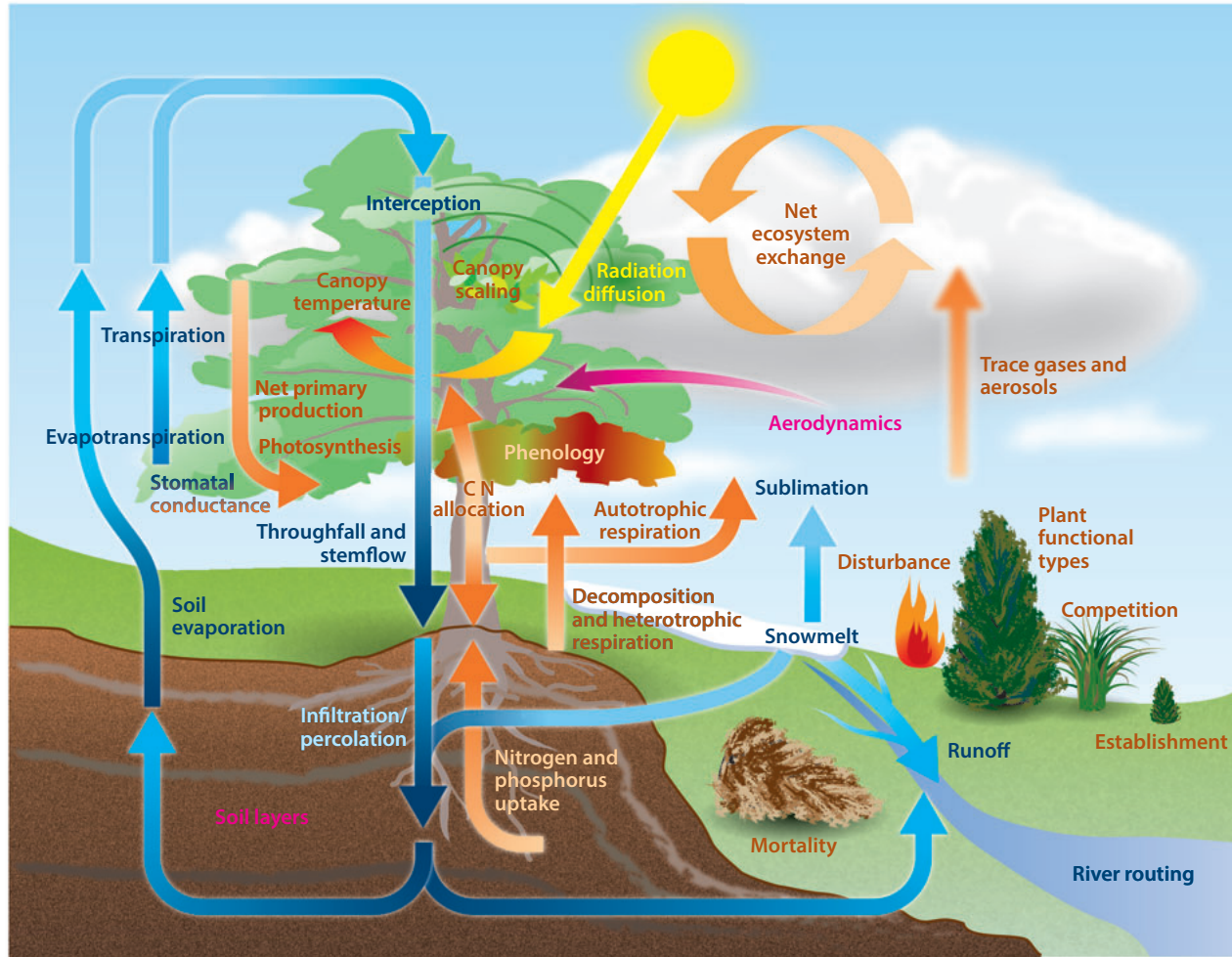


Figure 2

Fisher et al., 2014. Modeling the terrestrial biosphere. *Annual Review of Environment and Resources* 39: 91-123.

The terrestrial biosphere as represented in terrestrial biosphere models.



# Modeling Approaches: Models

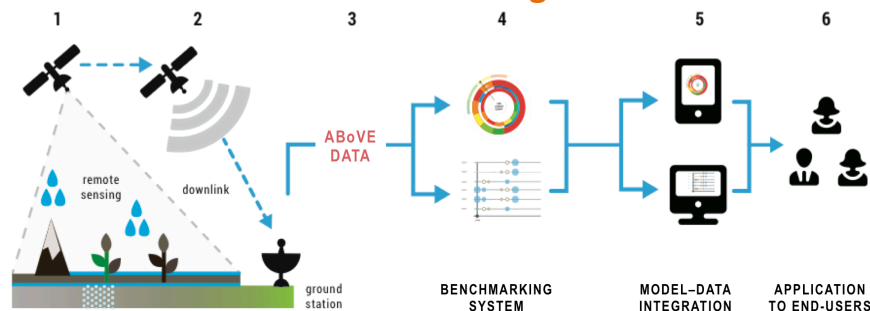
| Model       | Collaborator(s)  | Selected Reference           |
|-------------|--|------------------------------|
| aDVM2       | Simon Scheiter, Senckenberg Gesellschaft für Naturforschung, Germany | [Scheiter and Higgins, 2009] |
| Biome-BGC   | Weile Wang, NASA Ames, USA   | [Thornton et al., 2002]      |
| CABLE       | Yiqi Luo, Oklahoma University, USA                                   | [Wang et al., 2010]          |
| CLASS-CTEM  | Altaf Arain, McMaster University, Canada                             | [Huang et al., 2011]         |
| CLM4        | Charles Koven, LBNL, USA   | [Koven et al., 2015]         |
| CLM4-VIC    | Maoyi Huang, PNNL, USA   | [Li et al., 2011]            |
| DLEM        | Hanqin Tian, Auburn University, USA                                  | [Tian et al., 2014]          |
| DVM-DOS-TEM | Hélène Genet, University of Alaska Fairbanks, USA                    | [Euskirchen et al., 2009]    |
| ecosys      | Robert Grant, University of Alberta, Canada                          | [Grant et al., 2009]         |
| GTEC        | Dan Ricciuto, ORNL, USA  | [Ricciuto et al., 2011]      |
| Hyland      | Joshua Fisher, NASA JPL, USA   | [Levy et al., 2004]          |
| ISAM        | Atul Jain, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, USA           | [Jain and Yang, 2005]        |
| JeDI        | Ryan Pavlick, NASA JPL, USA  | [Pavlick et al., 2013]       |
| JULES       | Anna Harper, University of Exeter, UK                                | [Best et al., 2011]          |
| LPJ-GUESS   | Ben Smith & Paul Miller, Lund University, Sweden                     | [Smith et al., 2001]         |
| LPJ-wsl     | Ben Poulter, Montana State University, USA                           | [Sitch et al., 2003]         |
| MC2         | Dominique Bachelet, Conservation Biology Institute, USA              | [Peterman et al., 2014]      |
| Noah-MP     | Zong-Liang Yang, University of Texas, USA                            | [Niu et al., 2011]           |
| ORCHIDEE    | Philippe Ciais, LSCE, France   | [Krinner et al., 2005]       |
| SIB3        | Ian Baker & Katherine Haynes, Colorado State University, USA         | [Baker et al., 2008]         |
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| SSiB        | Yongkang Xue, UCLA, USA  | [Xue et al., 1991]           |
| TECO        | Yiqi Luo, Oklahoma University, USA                                   | [Zhou and Luo, 2008]         |
| TEM6        | Daniel Hayes, University of Maine, USA                               | [Hayes et al., 2011]         |
| TRIPLEX-GHG | Changhui Peng, University of Quebec at Montreal, Canada              | [Peng et al., 2013]          |
| VEGAS2.2    | Ning Zeng, University of Maryland, USA                               | [Zeng et al., 2005]          |
| VISIT       | Akihiko Ito, National Institute for Environmental Studies, Japan     | [Ito, 2010]                  |

# Modeling Approach: Detailed

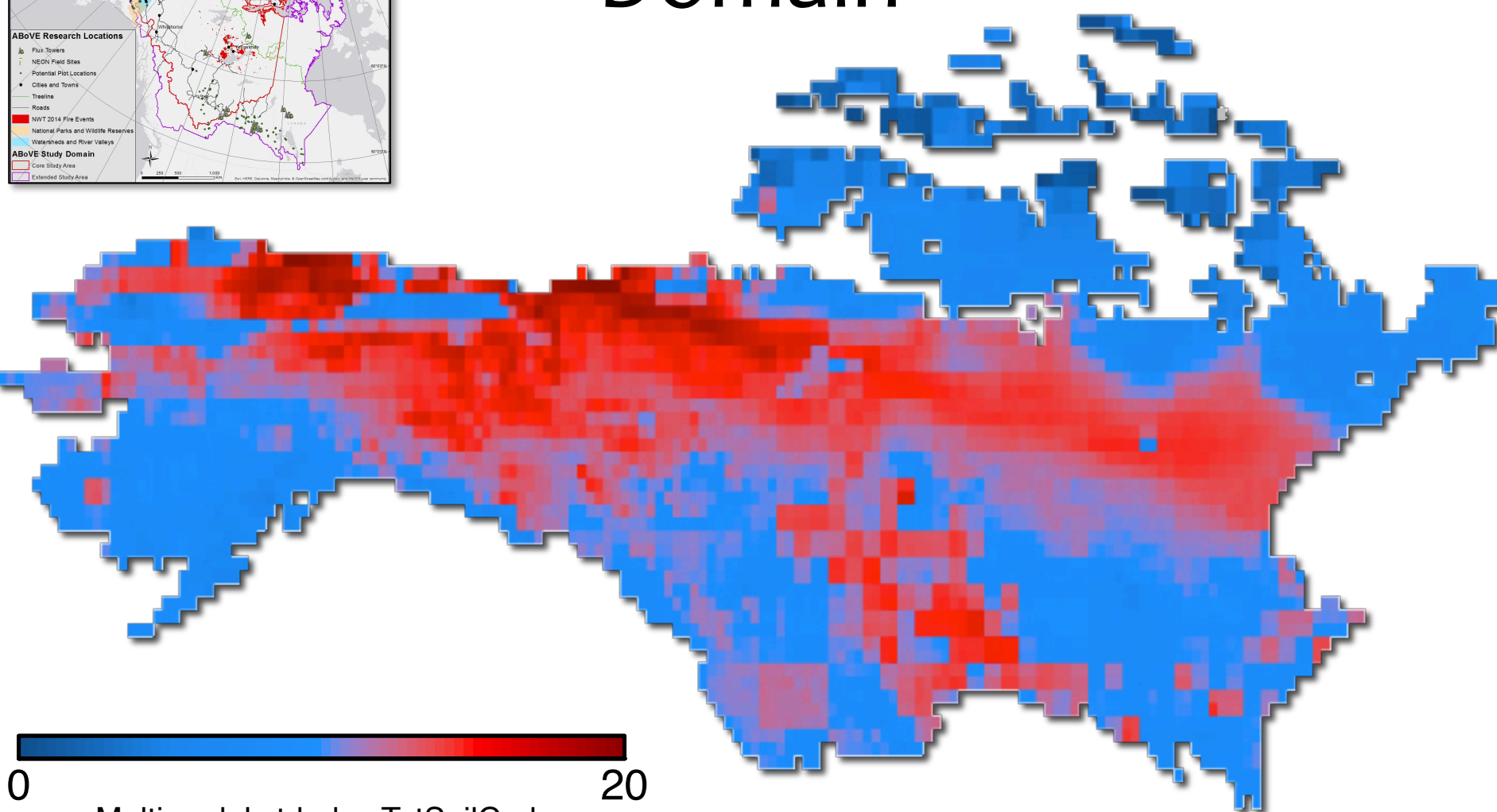
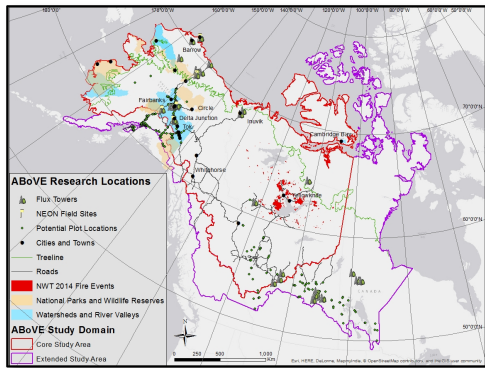
| Foundational [Y1]                              | Structural [Y2]                                    | Synthesis [Y3]                                 |
|--|--|--|
| Initial evaluations                            | Framework construction:<br>data assembly & org.    | Simulation<br>benchmarking                     |
| Identify & prioritize<br>process uncertainties | <b>Model–data integration<br/>&amp; refinement</b> | <b>Evaluate model progress</b>                 |
| <b>Identify &amp; prioritize<br/>data gaps</b> | Model simulation                                   | <b>Develop ABoVE<br/>modeling for Phase II</b> |

ABoVE modeling activities also include model analyses and developments focused on **targeted variables or ecosystem dynamics**:

- **Tree-level modeling** of forest productivity and demographics will address how mixed species stands are responding to climate and environment specifically trends in boreal tree mortality, as well as potential range expansion across the ABoVE domain. Analysis of species-scale models will help unify common trends that can be incorporated into PFT-based TBMs.
- We will use a satellite data-driven **carbon model** to evaluate CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> fluxes and **Light-use efficiency modeling**.
- ABoVE is investigating process-level controls over **fire modeling**.



# Domain

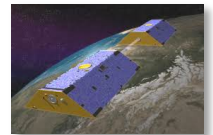
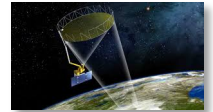


Multimodel std. dev TotSoilCarb  
(2003; kg C m<sup>-2</sup>)

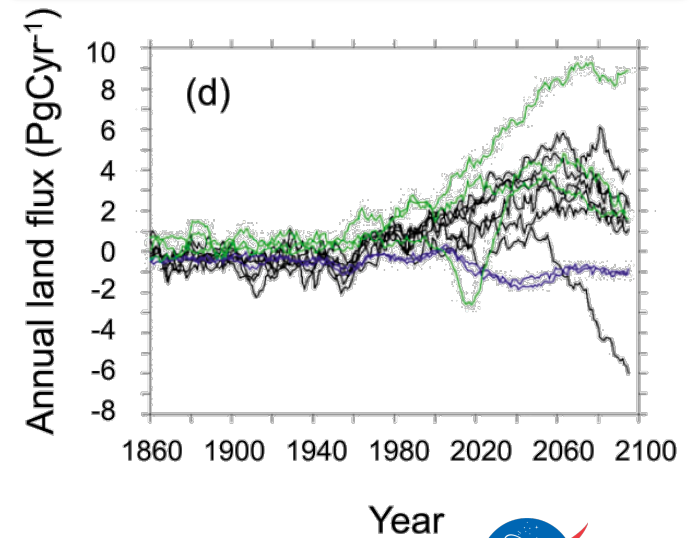
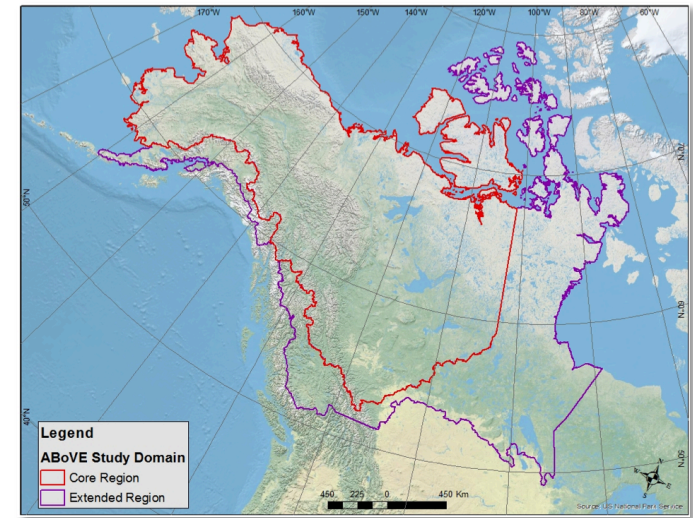
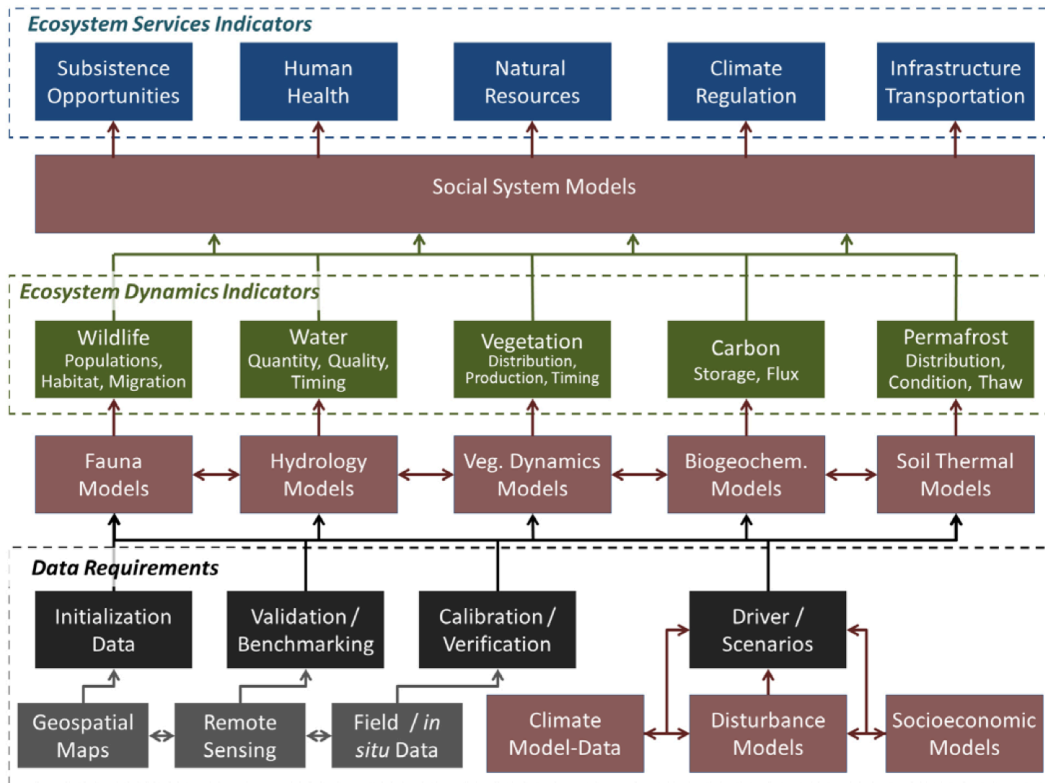
# Spaceborne & Airborne Remote Sensing

**Table 1. Benchmarking data to be used in our project spans the full range of Indicators for ABoVE ecosystem dynamics.**

| Variable  | Dataset                          | Coverage                                   |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
| <i>Carbon Dynamics</i>                          |                                  |  |
| NDVI, EVI, LAI, fAPAR, NPP                      | MODIS                            | Global; weekly; 2002-2013                  |
| Soil Carbon Stocks / Depth                      | Pedons                           | Regional; static; 100 km                   |
| Soil Carbon Residence Time                      | Incubations                      | Local; static; 1 m                         |
| CO <sub>2</sub> fluxes                          | AmeriFlux, MPI-BGC               | Local/global; hourly; 1 km                 |
| CO <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> concentration | CARVE, GOSAT, OCO-2/3, SCIAMACHY | Regional/global; weekly; 1-3 km            |
| Biomass   | ICESat/GLAS, G-LiHT, GEDI, CFS   | Regional/global; static; 0.25-1 km         |
| Canopy height                                   | ICESat/GLAS, G-LiHT, GEDI        | Regional/global; static; 1 km              |
| <i>Water Dynamics</i>                           |                                  |  |
| Soil moisture                                   | SMAP, SMOS, ISMN                 | Local/regional/global; <weekly; 3-9 km     |
| Evapotranspiration                              | MODIS, ECOSTRESS                 | Regional/global; <weekly; 0.05-1 km        |
| Total Water Column                              | GRACE                            | Global; monthly; >100 km                   |
| Snow characteristics                            | NASCN, NOAA Snow Cover, MODIS    | Regional/local; weekly-annually; 1 km      |
| <i>Energy Dynamics</i>                          |                                  |  |
| Soil, surface temperature                       | GTN-P, BOREAS, MODIS             | Local/regional/global; weekly-static; 1 km |
| Freeze/thaw                                     | SMAP                             | Regional/global; <weekly; 3 km             |
| Active layer depth                              | InSAR, CALM/GTN-P                | Regional; static; 1 m                      |
| Albedo  | MODIS, VIIRS                     | Global; weekly; 1 km                       |
| Fire counts, burnt area                         | MODIS                            | Global; weekly; 1 km                       |
| Net radiation                                   | MODIS                            | Global; weekly; 1 km                       |

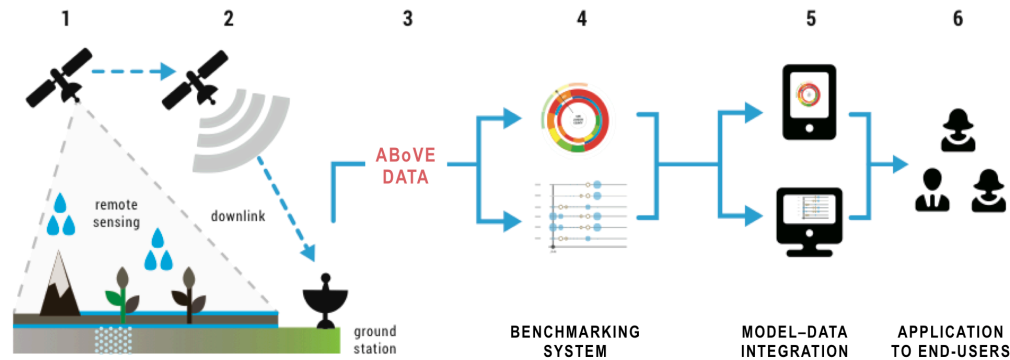


# Geospatial Data Products



North American Carbon Program  
**M<sub>s</sub>TMIP** NASA  
 MULTI-SCALE SYNTHESIS AND TERRESTRIAL MODEL INTERCOMPARISON PROJECT  
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# Other expected products / outcomes



- **“Lessons Learned”** report to guide preparations for ABoVE Phase II modeling research addressing **Ecosystem Services** objectives.
  - Direction and guidance for new and continued field and remote sensing data collections, model refinements and developments, and opportunities for integration across multiple modeling teams and other research activities within ABoVE.
  - In Year 3 we will begin to establish the links to the Ecosystem Services datasets and modeling requirements, following the foundation and setup we will establish throughout Phase I. **For example, this includes using permafrost projections to inform infrastructure decisions (e.g., roads, pipelines built on thawing permafrost).** The focus will be on engagement with interdisciplinary research teams toward a goal of science–data interoperability, including linking TBM frameworks with social systems to develop hypotheses related to ABoVE’s Ecosystem Services Objectives.

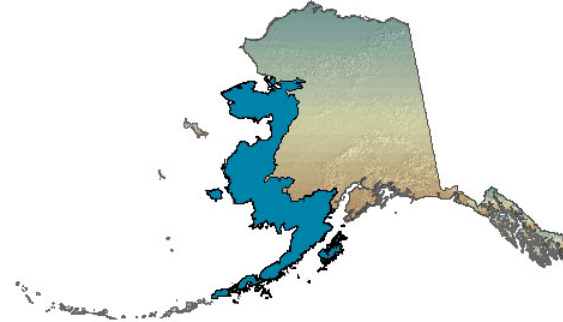
# Institutional Collaborations

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# Institutional Collaborations?



*Western Alaska LCC*



**NORTHWEST BOREAL**  
Landscape Conservation Cooperative





# Institutional Collaborations?

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